Listing of Claims

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for identifying a compound that modulates T lymphocyte activation, the method comprising the steps of:
- (i)-contacting the compound with a <u>an isolated</u> recombinant <u>TRAC1</u> polypeptide, wherein the polypeptide comprises a <u>TRAC1 polypeptide</u> with an amino acid sequence having at least about 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide has ubiquitin ligase activity; and
- (ii) determining the functional effect of the compound upon the TRAC1 polypeptide ubiquitin ligase activity.
 - 2-5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, <u>further comprising:</u>

 <u>expressing a recombinant polypeptide wherein the polypeptide is expressed in a host cell, wherein the polypeptide comprises a TRAC1 polypeptide with an amino acid sequence having at least about 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, and wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide has ubiquitin ligase activity; and

 indirectly determining the effect of the compound upon the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity by measuring in the host cell one or more of CD69 expression, intracellular Ca²⁺ mobilization, Ca²⁺ influx, ligase activity, or lymphocyte proliferation.</u>
 - 7-8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 6, wherein the host cell is primary <u>a</u> T lymphocyte.
 - 10. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the host cell is a cultured T cell.
 - 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the host cell is a Jurkat cell.

- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein modulation is inhibition of T lymphocyte activation.
 - 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide comprises an has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]]15, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising [[a]] the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
 - 17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound is an antibody.
 - 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound is an antisense molecule.
 - 19. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound is a small organic molecule.
 - 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the compound is a peptide
 - 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20, wherein the peptide is circular.
 - 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
- (i) contacting the compound with a T cell comprising a recombinant TRACI polypeptide, wherein the polypeptide comprises a TRAC1 polypeptide with an amino acid sequence having at least about 90% identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide has ubiquitin ligase activity; and
- (ii) determining the functional effect of the compound upon TRAC1 polypeptide ubiquitin ligase activity.

- 23. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) A-The method for identifying a compound that modulates T lymphocyte activation of claim 1, wherein the method comprising the steps of:

 (i) contacting the compound with a TRAC1 polypeptide or a fragment thereof, the TRAC1 polypeptide or fragment thereof is encoded by a nucleic acid that hybridizes under stringent conditions to an antisense nucleic acid corresponding to a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide having an the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.:

 (ii) determining the physical effect of the compound upon the TRAC1 polypeptide; and (iii) determining the chemical or phenotypic effect of the compound upon a cell comprising the TRAC1 polypeptide or fragment thereof, thereby identifying a compound that modulates T lymphocyte activation.
 - 24 46. (Canceled)
- 47. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence havinghas a sequence with at least about 95% sequence identity to an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.

48 - 49. (Canceled)

- 50. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 22, wherein the functional effect is indirectly determined by measuring in the T cell one or more of CD69 expression, intracellular Ca²⁺ mobilization, Ca²⁺ influx, ligase activity, or lymphocyte proliferation.
- 51. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the isolated recombinant polypeptide also comprises a label.
- 52. (New) The method of claim 51, wherein the label comprises an epitope tag or a fluorescent marker protein.

- 53. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the isolated recombinant polypeptide is immobilized on a solid support.
 - 54. (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 contacting the compound with a T lymphocyte; and
 determining the effect of the compound on T lymphocyte activation."
- 55. (New) A method for identifying a compound that modulates T lymphocyte activation, the method comprising:

contacting the compound with an isolated recombinant polypeptide comprising a TRAC1 polypeptide having at least 90% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 and a label, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide has ubiquitin ligase activity; and determining the effect of the compound upon the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity.

- 56. (New) The method of claim 55, further comprising:

 expressing the recombinant polypeptide in a host cell; and indirectly determining the effect of the compound upon the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity by measuring in the host cell one or more of CD69 expression, intracellular Ca²⁺ mobilization, Ca²⁺ influx, ligase activity, or lymphocyte proliferation.
- 57. (New) The method of claim 55, further comprising:

 contacting the compound with a T cell comprising the recombinant polypeptide; and determining the effect of the compound upon TRAC1 polypeptide ubiquitin ligase activity.
- 58. (New) The method of claim 55, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 59. (New) A method for identifying a compound that inhibits TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity, comprising:

contacting the compound with a polypeptide comprising a TRAC1 polypeptide having at least about 90% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the TRAC1 polypeptide has ubiquitin ligase activity; and

determining whether the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity is inhibited.

- 60. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein determining whether the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity is inhibited comprises determining whether there is a decrease in TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity in an *in vitro* ubiquitin ligase activity assay with the compound as compared to the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity in an *in vitro* ubiquitin ligase activity assay without the compound.
- 61. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein the polypeptide is expressed in a cell and wherein determining whether the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity is inhibited comprises directly or indirectly determining whether there is a decrease in TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity in the cell contacted with the compound as compared to the TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity in a control cell not contact with the compound.
- 62. (New) The method of claim 61, wherein indirectly determining whether there is a decrease in TRAC1 ubiquitin ligase activity in the cell comprises measuring at least one of the following:

CD69 expression;

intracellular Ca²⁺ mobilization;

Ca²⁺ influx; or

lymphocyte proliferation.

63. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein the polypeptide is labeled with one or more of a fluorophore, a chemiluminescent agent, a radioisotope, an epitope tag, an enzyme, a ligand, a bead, or a colloid.